

## Fostering & assessing scientific reasoning in a large 1<sup>st</sup> yr course

Francis Jones\*, Lucy Porritt, Sara Harris

#### **Project goals**

- Move beyond clicker-enhanced lectures with purely recall-oriented assessment.
- Engage students with scientific data and readings.
- Enhance 6-module, 6-instructor teaching model.
- Target >900 F2F and DE students per term, addressing logistical & assessment challenges.

#### **Progress:** <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> way report ...

- Students do auto-graded assignments.
- They use 6 types of scientific writings & data.
- Tasks at all cognitive levels (recall, apply, evaluate...)
- Background skills are assessed and mitigated.
- Feedback, time-on-task, scores: all are "good".
- Science-reasoning assessment tasks piloted.
- All classes in one term observed (COPUS).
- Work & assessment analysis (item analysis, etc).
- Pre-post geoscience attitudes (SPESS<sup>(1)</sup>).
- Costs of course-delivery to remain unchanged.

#### **Context and challenges**

- Large TLEF, 2016-18: eosc114 Natural Hazards.
- Sections/students: 5 f2f , 3 DE; >2000 students/yr.
- Diversity: **Gender**: f / m = 54% / 46% **ESL**: <4 yrs English= 8% **Prior geoscience**: 1 course = 38%, 2 or more = 21%

#### Attitudes by degree type (N=530, 850)



year	BA	BSC	BASC	BCOM	BKIN	E/U	Other	
1st	14%	4%	1%	3%	1%		3%	25%
2nd	17%	9%	2%	3%	1%	0.1%	2%	34%
3rd	8%	5%	2%	1%	1%	0.6%	1%	19%
4th	4%	3%	2%	2%	0.2%		1%	11%
5th	0.2%	0.1%				0.1%	0%	1%
other	1%	1%	0.3%	0.2%	0.2%	0.1%	1%	3%
	43%	22%	6%	8%	3%	1%	7%	

Enrollment: yr & degree

#### Instructing

- **F2F**: clicker-based lectures
  - 7 modules,
  - 3-6 instructors.
  - 1 administrator



- 1 instructor
- some discussion board activity
- **Content:** No textbook

Online and lecture notes only.

Asked at end of term:					
"Having multiple instructors was"					
	An advantage		32%		
	neutral		44%		
	disadvantage		23%		

## **EDAS-SEI** Earth, Ocean and Atmospheric Sciences - Science Education Initiatives March 2017

#### **Classroom observations**

Results are informing active learning enhancements.

COPUS<sup>(3)</sup> in each class: <u>Instructor</u> as "presenter" or "guide"



Aggregate COPUS data: For each lesson, **blue is "passive"**; **red is "active"**. - Presentation dominates on most - but not all - days. - Some modules are more "active" than others.

#### COPUS<sup>(3)</sup> in each class: <u>Students</u> clicker & groupwork activities



Aggregate COPUS data: For each lesson **blue=solo clicker questions**, green=peer clickers and red = other directed learning activities. - Guided "active learning" could be increased in some modules. - "Peer instruction" with clickers could be more consistent

#### **Assessment initiatives**

• New background check exercise (week 1).

- 20 qns: density, geoscience, maps, numeracy ...

- Do once  $\rightarrow$  close  $\rightarrow$  feedback with resources  $\rightarrow$  redo.
- <u>Result</u>: self-check helped; a few concepts still not known.



• New questions based on reasoning tasks. Eg: - "Is the phrase ... a claim, reason, evidence, neither?" - "Place 6 observations in the order that lead to discovery".

- "Identify most likely map location where ...xyz... occurs"
- F2F: 3 tests + final (all 2-stage).
- DE final: Identical to F2F.

Score bins - percent.

• DE midterms (5):

- Solo part:

- 20 qn "sets" of 5-20 questions each.
- organized by learning goals
- **Group part**: 20 new questions, real-time disc'ns.

#### - Results of item analysis:

- "Sets" could be more isomorphic
- Re-distribute questions based on "difficulty" & topic.
- Tested in 1 module: **Std Dev'n of "***difficulty"* **fell 50%**
- Also consider making sets smaller.

# Om 2400m 300m contours 6







#### New activities for 900+ students

#### • Bi-weekly homework:

Worksheets + resources ... work entered online.

#### • Six exercises – six reading & data types

- 1. New Yorker article (earthquakes in the PNW)
- 2. Nature Geoscience commentary (mega-volcanoes)
- 3. Technical peer reviewed article (landslides near Vancouver)
- 4. Image-based problem set (hurricanes)
- 5. Contracted reports for decision-makers (Tsunami, SW. BC.)
- 6. Web info. & NASA / other databases (extinctions / impacts)

#### • Tasks designed for ...

- Low, intermediate, high cognitive levels <sup>(4, 5, etc)</sup>
- Variety of auto-graded qn. Types;

Ordering, matching, numeric, fill-blank, jumbled sentence, MC, etc.

#### • Frameworks for learning goals & learning tasks - Processes, forecasts, consequences, risk, mitigation, inspiration. - Know, perform, argue, compare, create, judge/eval. & opine.

#### • Task examples (3 of many):

- Place evidence leading to discovery in order
- Does "...xyz..." refer to...
- \* Goals of the research;
- \* Requirements for meeting goals;
- \* Methods: obtain or analyze data;
- \* The evidence or data itself.
- Obtain high-water times from article, measure distance on Google maps, estimate tsunami velocity.

#### Feedback FROM students obtained

for each hmwk.



- TAs can generate feedback & *sample* open comments.



• Time spent & scores are consistent for six different types of tasks. Results will inform a "version 2".



### **Highlights so far ...**

homework		midterms		
amount	weight	amount	weight	
same	more	same	less	36%
same	same	same	same	26%
less	same	same	same	21%
more	more	less	less	13%
same	less	same	more	5%

#### Upcoming project components

#### **References and Acknowledgements**

- Teaching 60 (4): 132–39.

- Teaching 40 (5): 103–7

This project could not proceed without generous time and contributions from EOSC114 instructors: Michael Bostock, Brett Gilley, Maite Maldonado, Roland Stull, Leah May Ver, Dominique Weis. Funding is provided by the Teaching and Learning Enhance-ment Fund, UBC, 2016-2018. \*Contact fjones@eoas.ubc.ca



40%

20%

3 qns: goals, requirement



Q2 (attitudes or awareness) Asked in hw4: "How worth while



THE UNIVERSITY OF BRITISH COLUMBIA Faculty of Science

• Meaningful, efficient homework for 800+ is practical but takes care to prepare.

• Students express awe, fascination etc. if asked.

Eg: "What did YOU find amazing, interesting or noteworthy about this image of Hurricane Felix from space?"

"Amazed... immense... impressive... clarity... so intense... so huge... so expansive... contains so much energy & force, yet seems so calm"

Great responses to "one thing that surprised you"

- "It takes more time than I thought to develop accurate forecasts" - "How a better model can yield different results & change the way you can mitigate for the risk in an area. - "There are so many close approaches to the Earth by NEOs"

• Higher cognitive level q'ns are possible, but tricky.

• Assessing "science reasoning" needs context<sup>(4, 5, etc)</sup> Some feedback results:

Change hmwk / midterm balance?



• Frameworks for learning: recast Learning Goals • **Re-engage instructors**: frameworks, hmwk, active classes • Bloom's Dichotomous Key; compare task and quiz question cognitive levels before and after the project.

Virtual field experience: Sea – to – Sky;

Based on our real field trip<sup>(6, 8)</sup>

#### • Student projects:

• Place-based, inquiry driven, peer-assessed. Self-selected hazard and aspect of focus. ○ Precedent in eosc118, eosc326, geob316<sup>(8)</sup>.

• Partner with the **Pacific Museum of the Earth** to

engage students in

meaningful content creation.

### **DE:** 1) assessments;

#### 2) homework, 3) projects later.

Jolley, A., etal. 2012. "SPESS: A New Instrument for Measuring Student Perceptions in Earth and Ocean Science." Journal of Geoscience Education 60 (1): 83–91.

Jones, F., and S. Harris. 2012. "Benefits and Drawbacks of Using Multiple Instructors to Teach Single Courses." College Smith, M., etal. 2013. "The Classroom Observation Protocol for Undergraduate STEM (COPUS): A New Instrument to

Characterize University STEM Classroom Practices." Cell Biology Education 12 (4): 618–27. Klein, S., etal. 2007. "The Collegiate Learning Assessment Facts and Fantasies." Evaluation Review 31 (5): 415–39. White, B., etal. 2011. "A Novel Instrument for Assessing Students' Critical Thinking Abilities." Journal of College Science

Gilley, B., etal. 2015. "Impact of Inclusive Field Trips." Nature Geoscience 8 (8): 579–80. Gilley, B., and B. Clarkston, **2014**, "Collaborative Testing: Evidence of Learning in a Controlled In-Class Study of

Undergraduate", Journal of College Science Teaching, Vol. 43, No. 3, pp. 83-91.

8. <u>http://open.geog.ubc.ca/resources/fieldpress/</u> and <u>http://fieldpress.ca/fields/</u>; particularly

http://fieldpress.ca/fields/natural-hazards-of-vancouvers-north-shore-and-the-sea-to-sky-highway/ 9. <u>http://serc.carleton.edu/serc/site\_guides/hazards.html</u> and others at serc.Carleton.edu











# Possible figures

Very	23%
Somewhat	52%
Saw, but NOT worthwhile	10%
Did not use any	11%
Did not know there was any	5%

claim tl	A reason	Evidence	None
12%	13%	71%	3%
90%	5%	2%	1%
5%	9%	8%	77%
18%	<b>52%</b>	23%	6%

	С	d	е
er	mod	light,	none
%	26%	17%	7%
%	7%	5%	3%
%	14%	<b>62%</b>	10%

out	this article?
31%	
25%	
22%	
10%	
8%	
3%	
2%	

Change balance of hmwk & midterms?					
homework		midt			
amount	weight	amount	weight		
same	more	same	less	36%	
same	same	same	same	26%	
less	same	same	same	21%	
more	more	less	less	13%	
same	less	same	more	5%	





