PRAYERS FOR AGNOSTICS

Heavenly whatever,
On the off chance that might or
that you're there: might not be:

Sorry in advance for being so bad at believing, but:







The GERMAN QUARTERLY



FORUM

The German Quarterly homepage

Introduction: On linguistic indifference

The Pipestone Group, Edward C. Dawson, Hannah Eldridge, David Gramling, Hiram Maxim, Sharon Munger Wailes, Patrick Ploschnitzki, Caroline Rieger, Julia Ruck, Marianna Ryshina-Pankova, Chantelle Warner ... See fewer authors ^

First published: 20 July 2023 | https://doi.org/10.1111/g

Read the full text >



Applied Linguistics 2017: 1–23

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Translanguaging as a Practical Theory of Language

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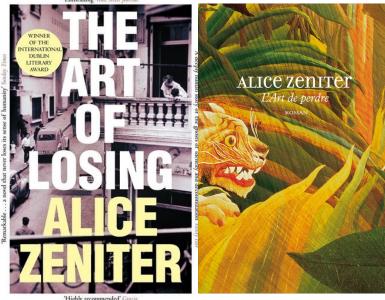




LANGUAGING WITHOUT LANGUAGES

BEYOND METRO-, MULTI-, POLY-, PLURI-AND TRANSLANGUAGING

evidence conventionalization memories understanding use bout example understanding use one construction and understanding use one construction similarly grammatical understanding use one construction similar enteriched experience understanding use one construction similar enteriched experience understanding use one construction during labelinguistics despite construction and understanding use one construction similar experience understanding understanding understanding understanding use one construction during experience understanding understa





According to ancient Kabilye tradition, you should never quantify God's generosity. You should never count the men at a meeting, the eggs in a clutch, the grains in an earthenware jar. In some parts of the mountains, it is even forbidden to say numbers aloud. On the day the French came to take a census of those living in the village, their questions were met with dumb mouths. How many children do you have? How many still live with you? How many people sleep in this room? How many, how many, how many? The roumies do not understand that to count is to circumscribe the future. To spit in the face of God.

Une ancienne tradition kabyle veut que l'on ne compte jamais la génerosité de Dieu. On ne compte pas les hommes presents à une assemblée. On ne compte pas les oeufs de la couvée. On ne compte pas les grains que l'on abrite dans la grande jarre de terre. Dans certains replies de la montagne, on interdit tout à fait de prononcer des nombres. Le jour où les Français sont venus recenser les habitants du village, ils se sont heurtés au silence des vielles bouches: Combien d'enfants as tu eu ? Combiens sont restés vivre avec toi? Combien de personnes dorment dans cette pièce? Combien, combien, combien... Les roumis ne comprennent pas que compter, c'est limiter le futur, c'est cracher au visage de Dieu.

DYNAMOS: Dynamically Adaptive Microservice-based OS

A Middleware for Data Exchange Systems

Alzheimer's Dementia Detection Through Machine Learning: Analyzing Linguistic and Acoustic Features in Spontaneous Speech

by

Jorrit Stutterheim

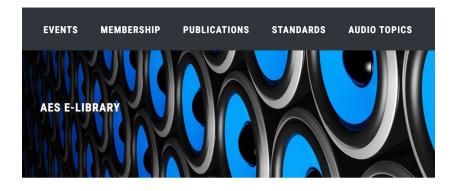
jorrit.stutterheim@gmail.com

July 16, 2023, 82 pages

Zehra Shah







AES E-LIBRARY

Distributing Generative Music With Alternator

Language Agnostic Code Exploration Services

Title

Language Agnostic Code Exploration Services

Author

Dönszelmann, Jonathan (TU Delft Electrical Engineering, Mathematics and Computer Science)

Contributor

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Groenewegen, D.M. (graduation committee)

Pelsmaeker, D.A.A. (graduation committee)

BENJAMINS

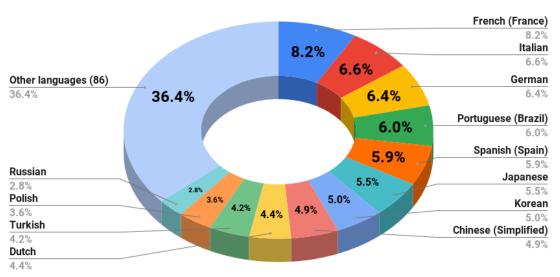
The Moving Text TRANSLATION Localization, translation, and distribution

Anthony Pym

LIBRARY

The 12 most popular target languages for orders with English as the source language





Source: In-house data from Alconost Inc.'s Localization Department for 2021.



Robert Stockhammer

Ludwig-Maximilians-Universität München

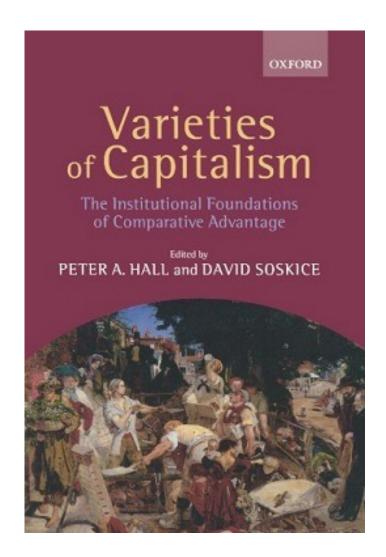
translated by Judith Menzl

CONVERTING LINGUALISM INTO LINGUALITY (LANGAGIFICATION DES LANGUES) IN GOETHE'S WILHELM MEISTER NOVELS

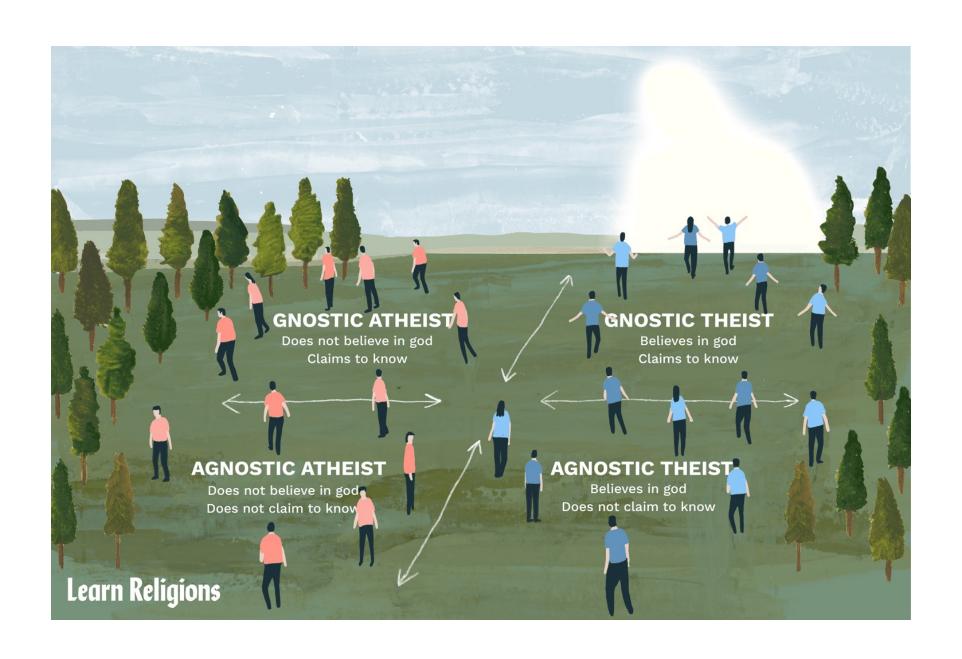


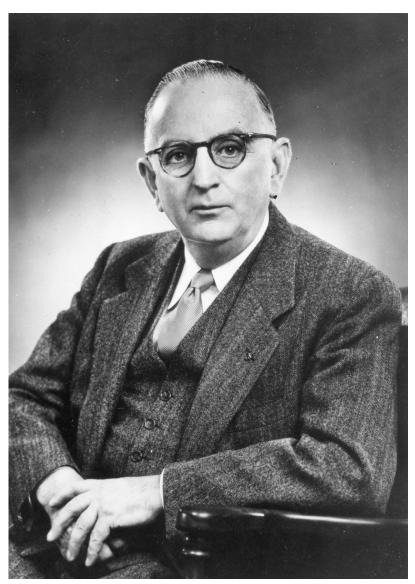
Robert Stockhammer Ludwig-Maximilians-Universität München

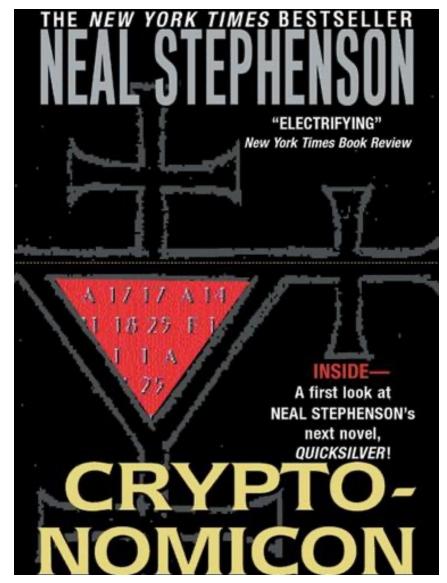
ZUR KONVERSION VON SPRACHIGKEIT IN SPRACHLICHKEIT (LANGAGIFICATION DES LANGUES) IN GOETHES WILHELM MEISTER-ROMANEN



Institution	Liberal Market	Coordinated Market	Dependent Market
	Economy	Economy	Economy
	(LME)	(CME)	(DME)
Distinctive coordination mechanism	competitive markets and formal contracts	interfirm networks and associations	dependence on intrafirm hierarchies within transnational enterprises
Primary means of raising investments	domestic and international capital markets	domestic bank lending and internally generated funds	foreign direct investments and foreign-owned banks
Corporate governance	outsider control/	insider control/	control by headquarters
	dispersed	concentrated	of transnational
	shareholders	shareholders	enterprises
Industrial relations	pluralist, market	corporatist, consen-	appeasement of skilled
	based; few	sual; sector-wide	labor; company-
	collective	or even national	level collective
	agreements	agreements	agreements
Education and training system	general skills, high research and development expenditures	company- or industry-specific skills, vocational training	limited expenditures for further qualification
Transfer of innovations	based on markets and formal contracts	important role of joint ventures and busi- ness associations	intrafirm transfer within transnational enterprise
Comparative advantages	radical innovation in	incremental	assembly platforms for
	technology and	innovation of	semistandardized
	service sectors	capital goods	industrial goods









University of California Institute of Global Conflict and Cooperation

Sex and Death in the Rational World of Defense Intellectuals

by Carol Cohn



Working Paper No. 8

Series edited by James M. Skelly

First Annual Conference on Discourse, Peace, Security and International Society

Ballyvaughn, Ireland

August 9-16, 1987





On Being Iterated: The Affective Demands of Design Participation

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Language & Culture: Symposium 6

Released: Mon Apr 10 2000

Project Leader: Douglas J. Glick (Binghamton University)

Special Issue: Elites and Power after Financialization



Strategically Deployable Shifters In College Marketing, or just what do they mean by "skills" and "leadership" and "multiculturalism"?*

> **Bonnie Urciuoli** Hamilton College Anthropology Department Clinton NY 13323 burciuol@hamilton.edu

Elite Power under **Advanced Neoliberalism**

William Davies

Goldsmiths, University of London

Theory, Culture & Society 2017, Vol. 34(5-6) 227-250 © The Author(s) 2017 Reprints and permissions: sagepub.co.uk/journalsPermissions.nav DOI: 10.1177/0263276417715072 journals.sagepub.com/home/tcs



Legend at ArAIEval Shared Task: Persuasion Technique Detection using a Language-Agnostic Text Representation Model

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Abstract

In this paper, we share our best performing submission to the Arabic AI Tasks Evaluation Challenge (ArAIEval) at ArabicNLP 2023. Our focus was on Task 1, which involves identifying persuasion techniques in excepts from tweets and news articles. The persuasion technique in Arabic texts was detected using a training loop with XLM-RoBIEKTa, a language-agnostic text representation model. This approach proved to be potent, leveraging fine-tuning of a multilingual language model. In our evaluation of the test set, we achieved a micro F1 score of 0.64 for subtask A of the competition.

1 Introduction

In an era defined by the rapid dissemination of information through digital channels, the task of recognizing persuasion techniques in text is now more crucial than ever (Maram et al., 2023a: Hossain et al., 2021; Gupta et al., 2021; Sadeghi et al., 2023; Alam et al., 2022; Abujaber et al., 2021). The advent of the Internet and social media has created new avenues for influence and manipulation (Dholakia et al., 2023; Ruffo et al., 2023; Botes, 2023). Although these technological advances have undoubtedly given people unparalleled access to information and a platform to express their thoughts. they have also introduced new avenues for persuasion, influence, and even propaganda. At the heart of this shift in our way of life is the fundamental challenge of distinguishing between genuinely informative and impartial content and content subtly crafted to promote a specific agenda or ideology. A critical component of the fight against spreading misinformation is the development of tools and resources in NLP that can detect persuasion technique in news articles and posts on social media.

Arabic language is among the most spoken languages in the world (Ghazzawi, 1992). The Arabic speaking world stands out in importance due to

its intricate mix of language, culture, and geography. The diversity of linguistic expressions in Arabic extends beyond the spoken word and permeates every aspect of life, including digital text. Arabic connects a vast and diverse population of native speakers and foreigners with its rich heritage and multiple dialects. Its influence extends over a wide territory, from Arab nations in the southern part of the Arabian Peninsula, to Asia, and to the Maghreb in North Africa and the heart of the Arabian Peninsula (Huafeng et al., 2019). In this digital age, the importance and extensive use of Arabic in various forms reflects the profound impact of technology on this linguistic community. It has provided a platform for Arabic speakers around the world to engage in dialogue, share ideas, and express their thoughts in a global context. The diverse Arab-speaking populations foster a rich and dynamic environment where individuals can connect, collaborate, and debate issues of global significance. However, the proliferation of digital media in Arabic also presents challenges. Digital media have become a fertile ground for the dissemination of persuasive content, including propaganda, misinformation, and various forms of manipulation (Aleroud et al., 2023; Abd Elaziz et al., 2023). The use of technology in preserving the integrity of the Arabic language and ensuring responsible use of digital media is of utmost importance.

In today's world, we are surrounded by information, especially on the Internet and social media. Text classification can serve as a foundational step for the detection of the persuasion technique in text on social media and the Internet. These texts can be classified according to their emotional tone using sentiment analysis techniques (Nikolaidis et al., 2023; Ojo et al., 2022b, 2021, 2020, 2023, 2022a; Piskorski et al., 2023; Hromadka et al., 2023). Persuasion techniques can be tricky to spot because they come in many forms, such as stories, logical arguments, or even subtle language tricks to Arabic, with its rich morphology and diverse dialects, presents unique challenges for text analysis.

Our proposed model has the ability to capture the underlying structure and semantics of persuasion technique in text, regardless of language.

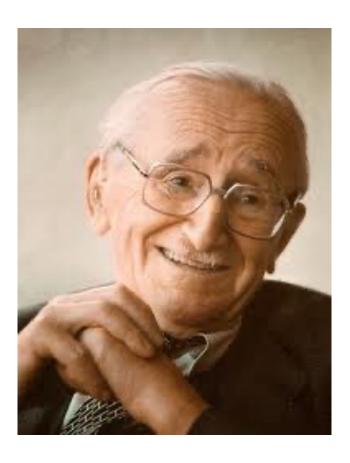
The results obtained in our analysis demonstrate that XLM-RoBERTa can adapt effectively and perform well on such intricate tasks,

even in languages that are structurally different from the ones they were originally trained on.

This not only underscores the versatility of XLM-RoBERTa but also sets a promising direction for further research in detecting persuasion techniques across various languages.

In future work, we plan to accommodate more languages in the dataset, and fine-tune other multilingual models for this task.





Cheap Talk

Joseph Farrell and Matthew Rabin

Oxford Economic Papers, 69(4), 2017, 1138–1161 doi: 10.1093/oep/gpw059 Advance Access Publication Date: 7 December 2016

OXFORD

"Simply by making noises with our mouths, we can reliably cause precise new combinations of ideas to arise in each other's minds."

-Steven Pinker, The Language Instinct (1994), p. 1

"A verbal contract isn't worth the paper it's written on."
—attributed to Yogi Berra

"Your grandmother was making noises like she was going into town."
—Emily Ann Cramer, circa 1965, verbal communication to J. F.

"Won't that kid ever shut up?"

-W. R., circa 1965, verbal communication to A. R.

uch of modern microeconomics asks how private information is shared through market and other mechanisms. Hayek (1945), in a classic essay, even identified information sharing as the chief efficiency of competitive markets. Subsequent work by Hurwicz (1973) and others has pursued Hayek's intuitions and evaluated economic institutions in terms of their effects on information

■ Joseph Farrell is Professor of Economics, University of California, Berkeley, California. He is also serving as Chief Economist at the Federal Communications Commission, Washington, D.C., where he is trying to make talk as chaps a possible, however, his utterances should not be interpreted as the views of the Commission or of any Commissioner. Matthew Rabin is Assistant Professor of Economics, University of California, Berkeley, California. Their e-mail addresses are farrel@@com.berkeley.edu and rabin@econ.berkeley.edu, respectively.

Language standardization and the Industrial Revolution

By Leonard Dudley

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