

# Review:

March 2/16

$$y = m x +$$

Slope

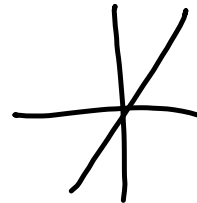
y-int

\*To Find the equation of a line in the form  $y = mx + b$ :

**Step 1:** Find the **slope**

**Step 2:** Find the **y-intercept**

**Step 3:** Plug the **slope** and **y-intercept** into the equation

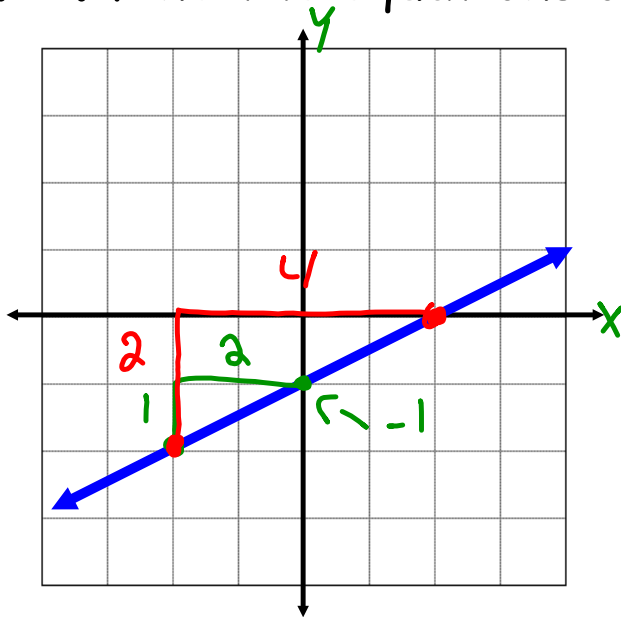


**ie.** If the slope is  $\frac{-3}{7}$  and the y-intercept is -5, write the equation of the line.

$$y = \frac{-3}{7}x + (-5) \quad y = \frac{-3}{7}x - 5$$

# Finding Equations of Lines

Ex. 1. Find the equations of the lines:



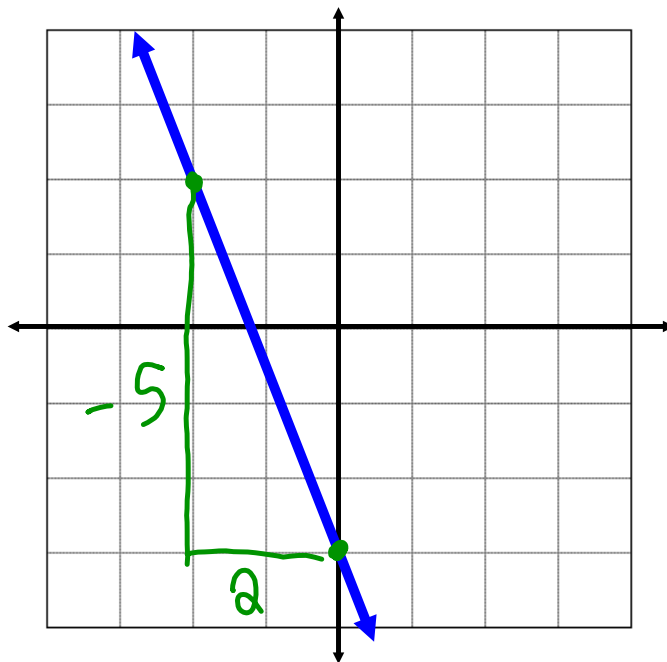
$$m = \frac{1}{2} \quad b = -1$$

$$y = mx + b$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}x - 1$$

$$m = \frac{2}{4}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}$$

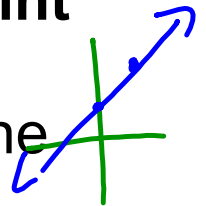


$$m = -\frac{5}{2} \quad b = -3$$

$$y = -\frac{5}{2}x - 3$$

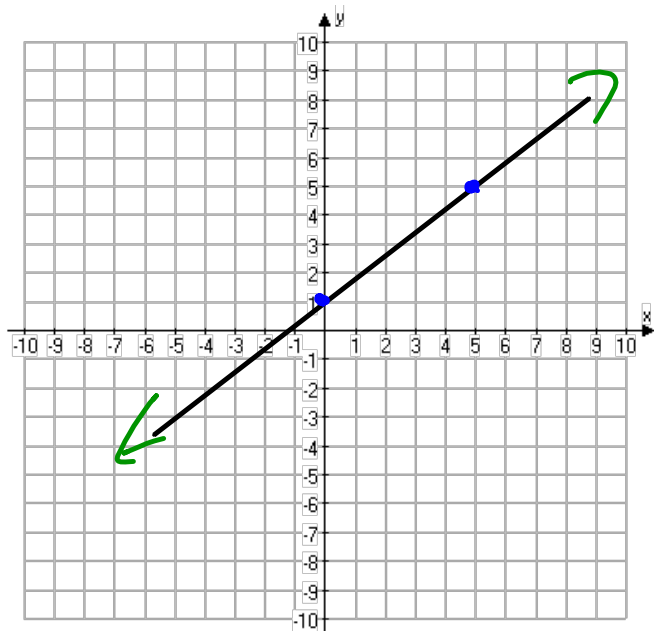
To Graph a line in the form  $y = mx + b$ :

1. Plot the **y-intercept**
2. From the y-intercept, do the **slope**  $\frac{2}{3}$   
(**rise** and then **run**) and make a **point**
3. Use the points to make a straight line

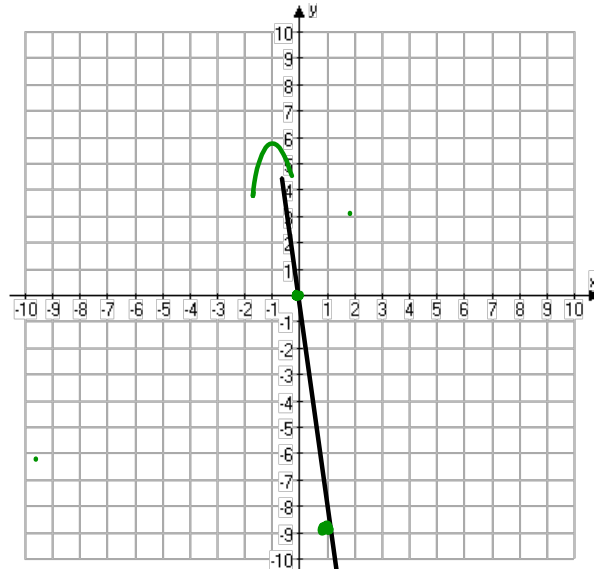


**Ex. 2.** Graph the equations on the grid:

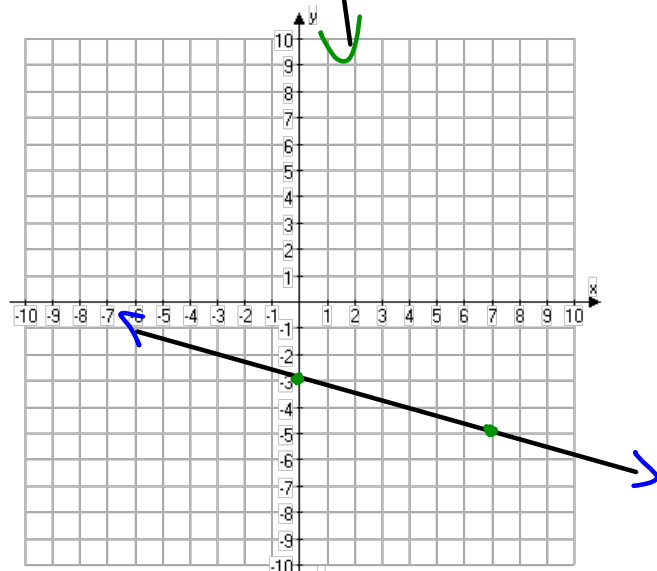
a)  $y = \frac{4}{5}x + 1$



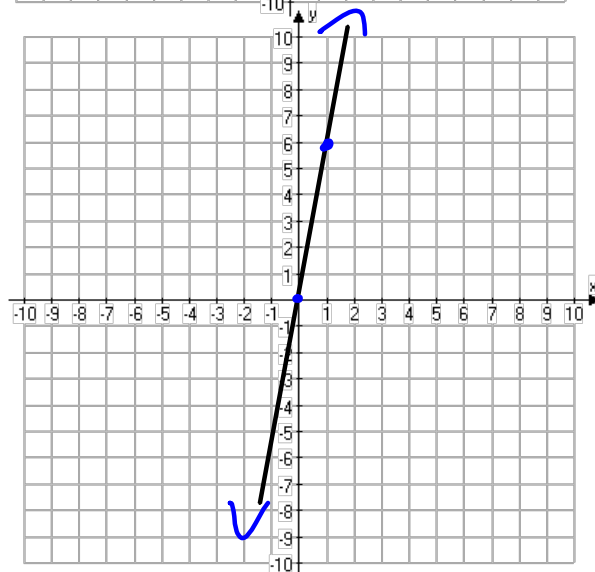
$$b) y = \frac{-9x}{1}$$



$$c) y = \frac{-2x}{7} - 3$$



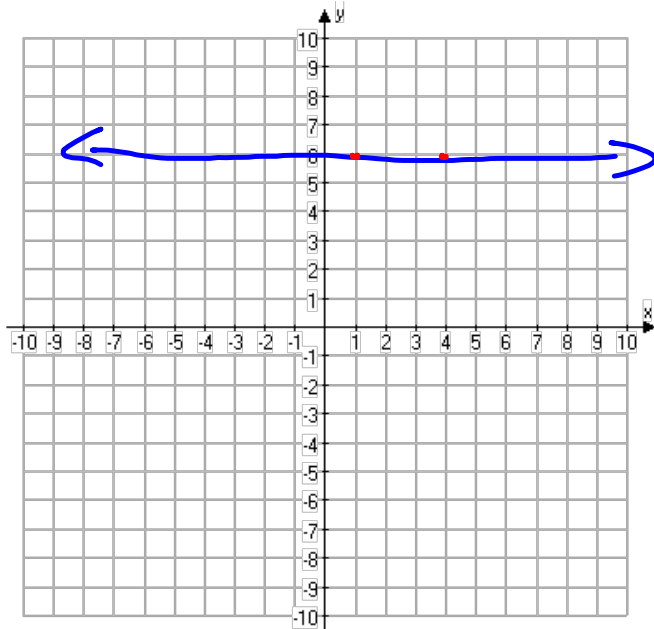
$$d) y = 6x$$



e)  $y = 6$

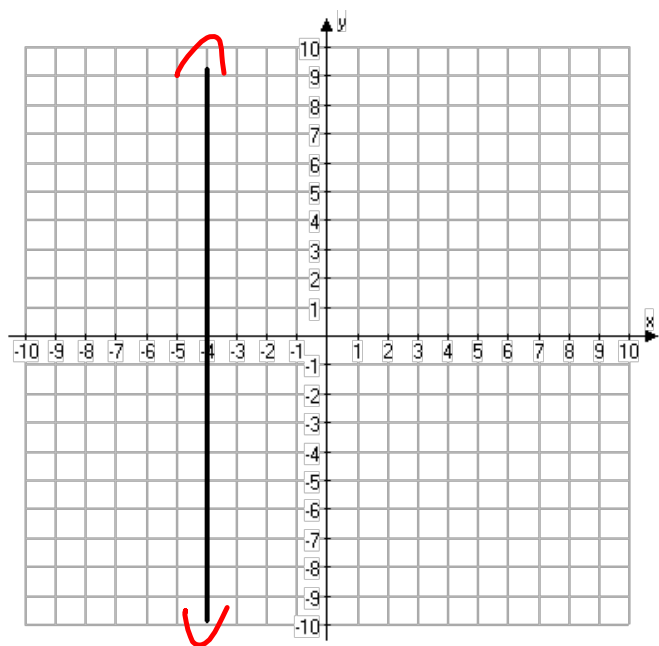
\*When the equation is in the form  $y = \#$ , it is a horizontal line

$m = \frac{0}{3} = 0$



f)  $x = -4$

\*When the equation is in the form  $x = \#$ , it is a vertical line



# Homework:

Graphing Lines Handout

**Quiz Tomorrow!**

- Slope
- Equations of lines
- Graphing Lines

