Relieve pressures on BC's herring stocks!



Summary

BC's herring populations have been on a delicate road to recovery, however increasing anthropogenic and climatic threats call for an immediate action on policy to relieve pressures on their stocks.

Threats to Stocks

After BC's herring stocks collapse in the 1980's, its population has been struggling to recover from overfishing pressures^{1,5}. Although new management was introduced after the collapse, herring now face anthropogenic threats including 1) habitat degradation and 2) overfishing as well as 3) climate change, which do not guarantee stable herring stocks in years to come³.

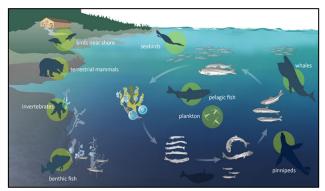


Figure 1. The importance of marine and terrestrial species interactions in relation to BC's herring³.

Herring Importance

BC's Pacific herring (Clupea pallasii) is a keystone species whose annual spawning congregations are crucial for ecosystem functioning. Countless direct and indirect interactions exist between predators including Chinook, Cod, seabirds, and marine mammals who depend on herring³ (Fig.1). Not only are herring populations of biological importance, but to British Columbia, they are a huge source of economic revenue, and to First Nations they are an integral part of their culture and food security². Policy regarding this delicate and important stock must take a precautionary approach in order to ensure long term herring abundance in BC.

Goals

- ☑ Protect current Pacific herring stocks to obtain healthy future populations.
- ☑ Ensure BC's First Nations maintain their cultural food security in herring stocks.
- ☑ Ensure BC's iconic wildlife lives in functional and resilient ecosystems in the face of climate change.

Recommendations

Commercial fishing

Roe and herring fishing jeopardizing population resilience



Close all 5 herring fisheries areas off the coast of BC year round

Climate change Affecting herring

biology and food source



Reduce greenhouse gas emissions of tankers

Habitat degradation

Delicate spawning habitats are subject to coastal urbanization and marine pollution



Divert tanker traffic from critical habitats during spawning season

"It's just a matter of time before the Strait of Georgia herring collapses and all those boats are forced to wait at the dock" - Ian McAllister, Pacific Wild

A seiner with herring in its net.4 (Ian McAllister)

Herring are economically, culturally and biologically important to BC - a future stock collapse would have countless consequences impacting BC's people and ecosystems.



Pacific herring, BC⁷. (Tavish Campbell)

Conclusions

- ◆ Roe and herring abundance will continue to fluctuate over the years due to various unpredictable biological factors, the small scale population trend measures are not indicators of the population being risk-free.4
- Climate change is beyond fisheries management control, and it is having unpredictable impacts on herring biology and population trends: Why is
- ◆ As a result, an extremely precautionary approach must be taken in order to protect the herring stock.

References:

1https://www.prpeak.com/news/fisheries-and-oceans-canada-seeksherring-input-1.23107114

²http://www.fao.org/fishery/species/2078/en

³http://www.pacificherring.org/facts

⁴Ian McAllister, Pacific Wild

⁵ Hay et al., 2019

⁶https://www.cbc.ca/news/canada/british-columbia/bc-herringfishery-ends-for-another-season-controversy-over-catchcontinues-1.5084581

⁷Tavish Campbell, https://www.wcel.org

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