



#### **COURSE INFORMATION**

Course title: Mergers & Acquisitions

Course code: BAFI 507, Section 001 Credits: 1.5 Session, term, period: 2023W1, Period 6 Class location: HA 254

Section(s): 001 Class times: Mon/Wed 2:00–4:00pm

Course duration: Sep. 5 to Oct. 15, 2023 Make-up class: One more make-up class

Fri Oct 6, 2:00-4:00pm

Division: Finance Pre-requisites: BAFI 500 or BAFI 580A

Program: MBA Co-requisites: n/a

### **INSTRUCTOR INFORMATION**

Instructor: Elena S. Pikulina, PhD

Phone: 604-822-3314 Office location: HA 864

Email: elena.pikulina@sauder.ubc.ca Office hours: Thu 3:00-4:30pm (in person)

or by appointment

or by appointment via Zoom

Teaching assistant: TBA

Office hours: Thu 3:00-4:00pm (in person), HA XXX, or by appointment, or by appointment via

Zoom

Email: @sauder.ubc.ca

# **ACKNOWLEDGEMENT**

UBC's Point Grey Campus is located on the traditional, ancestral, and unceded territory of the  $x^w m \partial k^w \partial y \partial m$  (Musqueam) people, who for millennia have passed on their culture, history, and traditions from one generation to the next on this site.

#### **COURSE DESCRIPTION**

Mergers and acquisitions (M&As) can be critical to the success of corporations and their managers. Our study of change of control will include the economic motivations for M&A activity, advanced valuation, transaction structuring, creative financing, risk management, tactics for friendly M&A negotiations and hostile transactions, due diligence, and execution.

#### This course aims to:

- Provide a general understanding of M&A processes, their causes, including economic and agency motivations, and their consequences
- Familiarize students with valuation and transaction structuring techniques
- Illustrate tactics for friendly and hostile negotiations in M&A context
- Promote students' attention to due diligence, risk management, and execution as important causes of M&A failure and success

# **COURSE FORMAT**

The course is balanced between lectures, simulations, cases, and student presentations and discussions. Active participation is essential. The course is useful for students pursuing careers in corporate finance, investment banking, commercial banking, and business consulting.

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#### LEARNING OBJECTIVES

By the end of this course, students will be able to:

- 1. Identify main motives for transactions
- 2. Apply different valuation techniques in M&A settings and know their pros and cons
- 3. Recommend and justify a method of payment and financing packages for a deal
- 4. Use tactics for friendly negotiations and hostile transactions
- 5. Understand the role of legal environment and good corporate governance
- 6. Propose a plausible M&A transaction including motivation, valuation, structuring, and integration.

# SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS (SDGS)

At UBC Sauder, we are committed to responsible business practices that can have transformative impacts on society. One of the ways we are reinforcing our commitment to responsible business is by showcasing relevant content in our courses via the lens of the <u>United Nations Sustainable Development Goals</u>. In this course, we will touch on topics that relate to the following goals:

that relate to the rollowing goals.
Description of how and when the goal is covered in the course.
In week 2, we will discuss how markets for corporate control affect the
efficiency of resource allocation and its importance for economic growth
and development. M&As ensure the optimal allocation of productive
assets (e.g. firms, divisions, physical assets and technology). In week 4,
we will also discuss when and how markets for corporate control may
fail and the pivotal role of antitrust regulations in averting such
scenarios.
In weeks 4 and 5, our focus will shift to the significance of corporate
governance within both target and acquirer firms. We will underscore
how deficiencies in transparency and accountability among corporate
boards and management can result in subpar consequences for
shareholders, employees, and consumers. Furthermore, we will discuss
the important role of local and federal antitrust regulations in upholding
equitable competition and safeguarding consumer interests.

## **ASSESSMENTS**

# **Summary**

Component	Weight
Simulation	10%
Cases (by group)	30%
Pitch book (by group): write-up + in-class presentation	20% + 20%
Participation: by instructor + by peers	<u>10% + 10</u> %
Total	<u>100</u> %

#### Details of Assessments

### I. Simulation

In this simulation the students will practice different valuation techniques, including forecasting and analysis of synergies as well as their negotiations skills in an M&A. The simulation will take place in class (please, bring your laptops) on Wednesday, September 14.

Each student will play the role of a CEO at one of the three publicly traded wine makers: Bel Vino, StarShine, and International Beverage. Each role evaluates a merger and acquisition opportunities among the three companies and then initiated negotiations, submits and responds to bids and counterbids. The

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provided data includes historical stock prices for each company and operating projections based on Wall Street analysts' current views of the industry and of each companies' prospects. The students will observe bids and changes in public stock prices in real time.

# To prepare:

The simulation is included in the course pack and can be purchased from the Harvard Business Publishing online at <a href="https://hbsp.harvard.edu/import/1084396">https://hbsp.harvard.edu/import/1084396</a>. Please register with the Harvard Business Publishing before purchase.

# **Assessment:**

You will be able to download all the necessary data via the simulation website and we'll discuss it in more details on Monday, September 12, one class before the simulation.

- Do the valuation exercise and submit your reservation price to the simulation before the Friday class (you won't be able to proceed with the simulation if you do not submit the reservation prices).
- Groups submit a valuation spreadsheet (with the calculations for the reservation price from above) via <u>canvas.ubc.ca</u> before the <u>Wednesday</u>, <u>September 14</u> class. The valuation spreadsheet is due electronically via <u>canvas.ubc.ca</u> at 1:59 pm PST on <u>Wednesday</u>, <u>September 14</u>.
- <u>Each student</u> will also submit a short simulation reflection by 11:59pm, Sunday, September 25. In the reflection, please, briefly answer the following three questions:
  - 1. What was done well by your firm? 2-4 items
  - 2. What would you do differently next time? 2-4 items
  - 3. What are the key lessons you've learnt from doing the simulation? 2-4 items

# II. Cases

Cases bring realistic and contextually rich situations into the classroom and allow students to appreciate the beauty and complexity of M&A processes. They provide a detailed background to identify key features of all M&As and crucial details of a particular deal. They help in developing a structured approach to M&A and getting into the habit of creating a full picture of a deal via filling in information gaps (via inside and outside research).

There are four cases in the course and students will work on cases in groups of 3-4 students. For all the cases (Buck, Hertz, and Roche) the students will write a memorandum and submit electronically (each group submits one memo on canvas.ubc.ca) before the class when the case is discussed. Group Case memorandum is due electronically via <a href="mailto:canvas.ubc.ca">canvas.ubc.ca</a> at 1:59 pm on the day when the case is due (see the course schedule below as well as course calendar on Canvas).

<u>Memorandum</u>: A case memo should be 3 pages of text max (!), 1.5 spacing, 12pt and 1-inch margins (roughly), plus any necessary appendices. All groups will write a memo for all three cases. A few tips on writing a good memo:

- Focus on the question at hand; don't just repeat the facts listed in the case.
- Make sure your arguments, figures, and tables directly address the issue.
- Focus on impact and interest, not quantity. A memo is not an essay, so tables and bullet points are welcome.
- Make sure that all your attachments are really necessary and add value; eliminate those that do not clearly make the cut.

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Class discussion: In class, the case discussions will start with a Power Point presentation by the lead group(s), followed by open/structured discussion. Groups have to decide beforehand what case they want to discuss and enter their decision on canvas.ubc.ca). If there is more than one group working on a case then a variety of styles for coordinating the presentations are possible:

- 1. Leader / Follower: One group leads off the presentation (20 minutes) while the second group focuses on follow up and response. The first group can focus on presenting their analysis, while the second group can analyze which points are shared in common and which there is disagreement on, which should present opportunities for class discussion. Please note that this setup is not intended to be adversarial, and the focus should be primarily on illuminating the relevant issues, rather than devolving into an argument over who is right. This requires tact in putting forward one's own view while allowing thoughtful consideration of other perspectives.
- 2. Symmetric / joint presentation: The two groups essentially choose to merge their presentations, while still trying to point out where they share common ground and where the analysis in their memorandum differed.
- 3. Role play: The two groups decide to take on different roles (e.g., target vs. acquirer) in order to more effectively present the case to the class.

All the cases can be purchased from the Harvard Business Publishing online via course pack at: <a href="https://hbsp.harvard.edu/import/1084396">https://hbsp.harvard.edu/import/1084396</a>. Please register with the Harvard Business Publishing before purchase.

# III. M&A Pitch Book

The final project for the course is to develop a pitch book for a proposed M&A transaction, where the students take the point of view of an M&A advisor for either a potential buyer or seller. Your client has to be a publicly traded company with sufficient data available to make informed recommendations. Each group pitch book should be 5 pages of text maximum, 1.5 spacing, 12pt and 1-inch margins (roughly), plus any necessary appendices. The pitch book is due electronically (each group submits one pitch book on canvas.ubc.ca) at 11:59 pm PST on Sunday, October 9, 2023.

Outline format for a potential buyer (seller):

- 1. The strategic situation of your client (buyer/seller), and why an acquisition is a plausible way to increase shareholder value.
- 2. Why the proposed target or buyer makes sense in light of the above; specific ways in which its acquisition would make strategic sense to your client; what is the essence of the opportunity for your client? Is it a market of target-specific opportunity? To what extent this opportunity would be unique to this transaction?
- 3. Why the target might be available? E.g., large block of stock in the hands of someone who might want to sell, an aging founder of a private firm with no apparent successor, etc.
- 4. A list of other potential acquirers and/or targets, and why this particular deal dominates other potential combinations (for example, an investment bank looking for an acquirer for a specific seller often will start with all potential candidates, and break these down into A list, B list, and C list buyers.)

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- 5. Preliminary valuation of the target as a stand-alone entity, plus an assessment of possible synergies. As much as possible, try to create a tight link between the quantitative assessment of synergies here and the economic logic of the transaction explained earlier.
- Explain key due-diligence issues that will need to be answered before a final agreement on value is reached. Pending/potential law suits? Any environmental concerns? Clash of cultures? Etc.
- 7. Propose how to approach the target/acquirer and propose a structure of the offer, e.g., a friendly meeting to discuss a merger or a formal tender offer, an all cash offer or stock-swap or some combination, etc. You should include both an initial offer and an upper bound for what your client should be prepared to pay.
- 8. Potential legal-regulatory-antitrust hurdles that need to be considered.
- 9. Principal issues in a successful integration of the target/buyer with your client's operations.

The above suggestions are not required but they are just ideas to get you started. Use your judgement and creativity to address the specific issues of a specific deal.

If you choose a target as a client (in that case you are looking for a buyer), you have to turn the exercise on its head a bit, but the principles are the same. Following the discussion above, one thing I like to see early on in this type of presentation is a list of potential buyers, broken down into categories (A list – good candidates, B list – maybe, C list – unlikely), with short explanation. This is also a good exercise to go through if your client is a buyer. For a merger of equals, you could choose your client to be either of the two parties and focus on that point of view.

During the exam week, students will make their group presentations of the pitch book. These should be about 15 minutes in length followed by a general discussion with other class participants. Evaluation will be based upon both the oral and written components of the pitch book presentation: written part is 20% and the presentation is 20%.

# **IV. Participation**

Evaluation by instructor (10%):

Your questions and comments in class are very important. It really helps if I know your name ---please use your name tag for every class. I try to adjust for people's personalities. For those who are more reserved, I appreciate very much when you try expressing your thoughts. For those who are more outspoken, I am the most impressed when you can find ways to draw your classmates into a discussion.

# Evaluation by peers (10%):

- At the end of the course, each of you should submit peer evaluation of their teammates. The
  purpose of evaluations is neither to praise nor criticize your group members but rather learn how
  to give constructive and fair feedback.
- High quality evaluations should both acknowledge individual's achievements and strong sides as well as point out issues to work on, skills to improve.
- To help you with peer evaluations, I will provide a short form on canvas.ubc.ca.

# V. Group Formation

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For the simulation, students will work in groups of <u>two people</u>. For all other group-based assignments, students will work in the same group of <u>three to four people</u>. Groups should make sure that their members have distinct background and expertise as much as possible given the overall class composition. At the end of the term, students will grade the contribution of his/her team members.

For group signup, please use the group function under "People" on Canvas.

If you have any questions or difficulty forming a group by the end of the first week, please contact me in person or via email at <a href="mailto:elena.pikulina@sauder.ubc.ca">elena.pikulina@sauder.ubc.ca</a>.

#### LEARNING MATERIALS

#### Requirea

All cases can be purchased from the Harvard Business Publishing online via course pack at: <a href="https://hbsp.harvard.edu/import/1084396">https://hbsp.harvard.edu/import/1084396</a>. Please register with the Harvard Business Publishing before online purchase.

Estimated cost of the required materials: USD 27.75

# Optional

Two useful books (recommended but not required) on M&A are:

- "Mergers, Acquisitions, & Corporate Restructurings" by P. A. Gaughan (chapters recommended below are based on 7<sup>th</sup> edition, but an earlier edition would also suffice)
- "Investment Banking: Valuation, Leveraged Buyouts and Mergers and Acquisitions", by J. Rosenbaum, J. Pearl (chapters recommended below are based on 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, but an earlier edition would also suffice)

A good corporate finance textbook will be helpful but not necessary. For example,

- "Corporate Finance" by Berk, DeMarzo, and Stangeland, or "Fundamentals of Corporate Finance" by Brealey, Myers, and Allen
- "Corporate Finance" by Ross, Westerfield, Jaffe, and Roberts

# Other useful books:

- "Mergers & Acquisitions: A Condensed Practitioner's Guide", S. M. Bragg
- "Mergers & Acquisitions from A to Z", A. J. Sherman
- "Valuation: Measuring and Managing the Value of Companies", T. Koller, M. Goedhart, D. Wessels

# Other Learning Resources:

- Class slides and other materials will be posted on the course website: https://canvas.ubc.ca/ Useful Links:
  - Recent deals: https://www.reuters.com/markets/deals/
  - WSJ deal blog: <a href="https://www.wsj.com/news/types/deals-deal-makers">https://www.wsj.com/news/types/deals-deal-makers</a>
  - HBR on M&As: https://hbr.org/topic/subject/mergers-and-acquisitions
  - Reports by practitioners (just a few examples):
    - https://www.pwc.com/ca/en/services/deals/trends.html
    - https://www.jpmorgan.com/investment-banking/mergers-and-acquisitions-marketoutlook
    - https://www.jpmorgan.com/insights/research-mid-year-outlook
    - https://www2.deloitte.com/us/en/pages/mergers-and-acquisitions/articles/m-a-trends-report.html

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### COURSE-SPECIFIC POLICIES AND RESOURCES

Missed or late assignments, and regrading of assessments

Late submissions will not be accepted and will receive a grade of zero.

# Academic Concessions

If extenuating circumstances arise, please contact the RHL Graduate School program office as early as reasonably possible, and submit an <u>Academic Concession Request & Declaration Form</u>. If an academic concession is granted during the course, the student will be provided options by RHL, or by the instructor in consultation with RHL, per <u>UBC's policy on Academic Concession</u>.

#### POLICIES APPLICABLE TO COURSES IN THE ROBERT H. LEE GRADUATE SCHOOL

## Attendance

Excepting extenuating circumstances, students are expected to attend 100% of their scheduled class hours. Absent students limit their own academic potential, and that of their classmates, and cause unnecessary disruption to the learning environment. Students missing more than 20% of the total scheduled class hours for a course (including classes held during the add/drop period) without having received an academic concession will be withdrawn from that course. Withdrawals, depending on timing, could result in a "W" or an "F" standing on the transcript.

### **Punctuality**

Students are expected to arrive for classes and activities on time and fully prepared to engage. Late arrivals may be refused entry at the discretion of the instructor or activity lead. Students arriving later than halfway through a scheduled class will be treated as absent for that class.

#### *Electronic Devices*

Devices such as laptops, tablets, and cell phones are not permitted to be used in class unless directed by the instructor for in-class activities. Students who do not follow the School's policy in this regard may be required to leave the room for the remainder of the class, so that they do not distract others. Research shows that students' use of laptops in class has negative implications for the learning environment, including reducing their own grades and the grades of those sitting around them.

# Citation Style

Please use the American Psychological Association (APA) reference style to cite your sources. Details of the above policies and other RHL Policies are available at:

http://www.calendar.ubc.ca/vancouver/index.cfm?tree=12,199,506,1625

#### UNIVERSITY POLICIES AND RESOURCES

UBC provides resources to support student learning and to maintain healthy lifestyles but recognizes that sometimes crises arise and so there are additional resources to access including those for survivors of sexual violence. UBC values respect for the person and ideas of all members of the academic community. Harassment and discrimination are not tolerated nor is suppression of academic freedom. UBC provides appropriate accommodation for students with disabilities and for religious observances. UBC values academic honesty and students are expected to acknowledge the ideas generated by others and to uphold the highest academic standards in all of their actions. Details of the policies and how to access support are available on the UBC Senate website at <a href="https://senate.ubc.ca/policies-resources-support-student-success">https://senate.ubc.ca/policies-resources-support-student-success</a>.

# Respect for Equity, Diversity, and Inclusion

The UBC Sauder School of Business strives to promote an intellectual community that is enhanced by diversity along various dimensions including Indigeneity (including identification as First Nation, Métis, or Inuit), race, ethnicity, gender identity, sexual orientation, religion, political beliefs,

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social class, and/or disability. It is critical that students from diverse backgrounds and perspectives be valued in and well-served by their courses. Furthermore, the diversity that students bring to the classroom should be viewed as a resource, benefit, and source of strength for your learning experience. It is expected that all students and members of our community conduct themselves with empathy and respect for others.

# Academic Integrity

The academic enterprise is founded on honesty, civility, and integrity. As members of this enterprise, all students are expected to know, understand, and follow the codes of conduct regarding academic integrity. At the most basic level, this means submitting only original work done by you and acknowledging all sources of information or ideas and attributing them to others as required. This also means you should not cheat, copy, or mislead others about what is your work. Violations of academic integrity (i.e., misconduct) lead to the breakdown of the academic enterprise, and therefore serious consequences arise and harsh sanctions are imposed. For example, incidences of plagiarism or cheating may result in a mark of zero on the assignment or exam and more serious consequences may apply if the matter is referred to the President's Advisory Committee on Student Discipline. Careful records are kept in order to monitor and prevent recurrences.

# Use of Artificial Intelligence

# **Generative AI Permitted with Attribution**

For this course, students may use generative artificial intelligence (AI), including ChatGPT. Students must disclose any use of AI-generated material. At a minimum, this includes proper attribution, including intext citations, quotations and references. Students bare the ultimate responsibility for the content and quality of the submitted assignments.

# **COPYRIGHT**

All materials of this course (course handouts, lecture slides, assessments, course readings, etc.) are the intellectual property of the instructor or licensed to be used in this course by the copyright owner. Redistribution of these materials by any means without permission of the copyright holder(s) constitutes a breach of copyright and may lead to academic discipline and could be subject to legal action. Any lecture recordings are for the sole use of the instructor and students enrolled in the class. In no case may the lecture recording or part of the recording be used by students for any other purpose, either personal or commercial. Further, audio or video recording of classes are not permitted without the prior consent of the instructor. Students may not share class Zoom links or invite others who are not registered to view sessions.

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# **COURSE SCHEDULE**

(Subject to change with class consultation)

Class	Date	Topic	Readings or Activities	Assessments due
Week 1	Sep 5 - Sep 10	Course Outline and Objectives  M&As in Perspective & Theoretical Frameworks  Valuation: DCF	Wed, Sep 6: Intro lecture  Fri, Sep 8 (make-up class)  - must be moved: Lecture "Discounted cash flow method (DCF)"  Gaughan: Chapters 1, 2, 15 Rosenbaum: Chapters 3, 6, 7	By the end of the week: Form groups of 3-4 for the cases and final pitch books. Form groups of 2 for the simulation. Ideally groups should have members with distinct backgrounds and expertise Purchase the course pack from the HBP website, https://hbsp.harvard.edu/import/1084396
Week 2	Sep 11 - Sep 17	Valuation: Multiples Simulation "M&A in the Vine Country"	Mon, Sep 12: Lecture "Multiples valuation method"  Briefing before the simulation  Gaughan: Chapter 15 Rosenbaum: Chapters 1- 2  Wed, Sep 14: We play the simulation "M&A in the Wine Country"	<ol> <li>Due Mon, Sep 12:         <ol> <li>Watch the videos about how to play the simulation</li> <li>Prepare questions about how to play the simulation</li> </ol> </li> <li>Due Wed, Sep 14:         <ol> <li>Do the valuation exercises and compute the reservation prices, depending on your role in the simulation (Bel Vino, Starshine, International Beverage).</li> </ol> </li> <li>Submit your valuation spreadsheet on Canvas</li> </ol>
Week 3	Sep 18 - Sep 24	Transaction structuring Leveraged Buyouts  Selling a private company	Mon, Sep 18: Lecture "Transaction structuring"  Gaughan: Chapter 16  Wed, Sep 20: Case presentation & discussion "Selling Buck"	Questions for the Buck case: Due on Wed, Sep 20 before class  1. First of all, let's understand the environment because no deal is done in vacuum.  Understanding the business environment is the crucial to answering all the other questions. Note: We'll start analysis of all our cases with this question and its sub-questions. Try to make your answers here as forward-looking as possible. For example, if you mention any recent trends or changes, try to assess whether these trends will continue in the future and what these changes will mean for companies in question. Also, be brief but very specific. (20 points)  a. Who and why? – Who are buyers/sellers? Why are they interested in buying/selling a company?  b. What? – What is the essence of the opportunity from the buyer's perspective? Industry vs. company opportunity? What are the alternatives, if this opportunity is missed?  c. Where and when? – What are the relevant market/industry conditions? E.g. economic boom vs. recession. What are the relevant country conditions? E.g.

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2. As a seller, what <b>risks</b> should Cynt seller) consider when selling her b	
points)	usilless! (20
3. As a potential buyer, what <b>risks</b> sh	ould vou
consider? Here, think of common	
similar transaction as well as deal-	
risks. How could you <b>mitigate</b> those	se risks? (20
points)	
4. What's the <b>value of Buck's equity</b>	
value is defined as the value of the	
business value minus the value of points)	debt. (20
a. Using DCF valuation me	
b. Using multiples valuation	
5. As a buyer what price would you	_
pay? As a seller what price would y	_
to accept? Why those could be di	
those differences affect the cha	nces of deal
closure? (20 points)	
Week         Sep         Legal framework and         Mon, Sep 25: Lecture         Questions for the Hertz case: <u>Due on V</u>	/ed, Sep 27
4 25 - corporate governance "Legal framework and before class	
Oct corporate governance" 1. Who and why? What? Where and	when? For
Gaughan: Chapters 3, 13 more details on this question, see	
for the Buck case. (20 points)	
Wed, Sep 27: Case 2. How does the dual-track process	used by Ford
presentation & affect the bidding process for Her	
discussion "Bidding for points)	(
Hertz" 3. In what ways does Hertz conform	or not
conform to the definition of an "ic	
target"? Is Hertz <b>an appropriate b</b>	
target? (10 points)	1,000
4. What is the value of Hertz using the	ne Multinles
method of valuation? (20 points)	ic waitipies
5. What is the value of Hertz using the	ne Eree Cash
Flow to Capital and APV methods	
valuation? (20 points)	OI
	of roturn for
this investment? Why might it diff	
sponsors' target return of 20%? (2	
Week Oct Hostile takeovers Mon, Oct 2: No class Questions for the Roche vs. Genentech	case: <u>Due</u>
Oct Wed, Oct 4: Lecture	
"Hostile takeovers, 1. Who and why? What? Where an	d when? For
tactics and defenses" more details on this question, see	question #1
Gaughan: Chapters 5, 6 for the Buck case. (20 points)	
2. As a majority shareholder of Gen	entech, what
responsibilities does Roche h	ave to the
Fri, Oct 6 (make-up minority shareholders? (10 points	)
class): Case presentation 3. As of June 2008, what is the	alue of the
& discussion <b>"Roche vs.</b> synergies (per share) Roche antici	pates from a
Genentech" merger with Genentech? To	simplify the l

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			points)  4. Based on DCF valuation techniques, what range of values is reasonable for Genentech as
			a stand-alone company in June 2008? Exclude synergies from your valuation and assume a 9% WACC. Assume that as of the end of June 2008, Genentech held approximately \$7 bln in cash, including investments and securities that were not needed in its daily operations. <i>Hint</i> : Ex. 10 is a good starting point for this analysis. (20
			points)  5. What changes in Genentech's valuation assumptions occurred between June 2008 and January 2009? What changes were due to the financial crisis? (10 points)  6. Should Franz Humer launch a tender offer for Genentech's shares? What are the risks? If yes, what price should he offer? (20 points)
Week 6	Oct 9 - Oct 15	Pitch book presentations	Pitch book due on Oct 8. Presentations will be done during the exam week. The exact date is TDA.  Peer evaluations due on Oct 15.

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