

# THE SINE LAW (Part I)

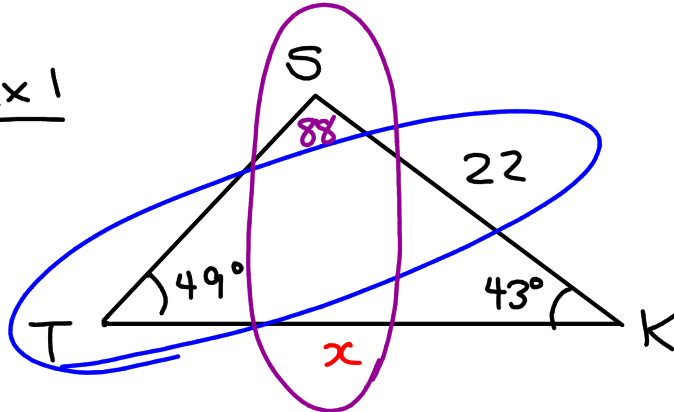
- The Sine Law can be used in ANY triangle if you know 2 sides and 1 angle or if you know 2 angles + 1 side.

①  $\frac{\sin A}{a} = \frac{\sin B}{b} = \frac{\sin C}{c}$  ↪ looking for an angle

OR

②  $\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$  ↪ looking for a side

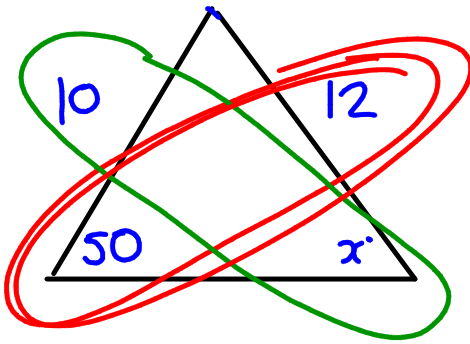
Ex 1



$$\frac{\cancel{\sin 88} \cdot x}{\cancel{\sin 88}} = \frac{22 \cdot \sin 88}{\sin 49}$$

$$x = \frac{22 \cdot \sin 88}{\sin 49}$$

$$\underline{\underline{x = 29.1}}$$

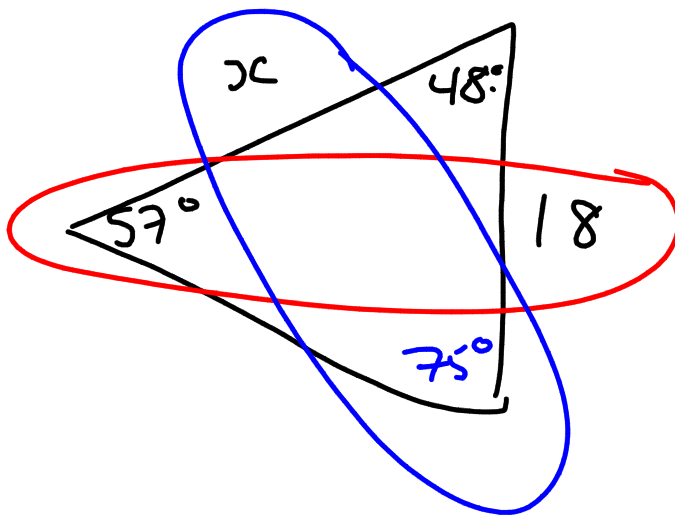


$$10 \frac{\sin x}{18} = \frac{10 \cdot \sin 50}{12}$$

$$\sin x = \frac{10 \cdot \sin 50}{12}$$

$$\sin x = 0.63837$$

$$x = 39.7^\circ$$



$$\frac{x}{\sin 75^\circ} = \frac{18}{\sin 57^\circ}$$

$$x = \frac{18 \cdot \sin 75^\circ}{\sin 57^\circ}$$

$$x = \underline{\underline{20.73}}$$

# 1-4 all, 6ab, 7-10