

KEY

Roots and Powers Review

Short Answer

1. Which of these numbers is rational?

$\sqrt{\frac{4}{169}}, \sqrt{48}, \sqrt[3]{-16}, \sqrt{8.1}$

Since $\sqrt{\frac{4}{169}} = \frac{\sqrt{4}}{\sqrt{169}} = \frac{2}{13}$

None of the others have perfect roots.

2. Which of these numbers is irrational?

$\sqrt{48}, \sqrt[3]{216}, \sqrt{\frac{49}{16}}, -68$

since it does not have an exact $\sqrt{\quad}$

3. Between which two consecutive integers on a number line would you locate $\sqrt[3]{-18}$?

$\sqrt[3]{-18}$ is between $\sqrt[3]{-27}$ and $\sqrt[3]{-8}$

so $\sqrt[3]{-18}$ is between -2 and -3

4. Which of these numbers is an integer, but not a whole number?

$-9, 0, 1, \sqrt{5}$

whole #'s start at 0 and go up...: 0, 1, 2, 3, ...

5. Write $\sqrt{108}$ in simplest form.

$\sqrt{36 \cdot 3} = \sqrt{36} \cdot \sqrt{3} = 6\sqrt{3}$

6. Write $\sqrt[3]{80}$ in simplest form.

$\sqrt[3]{80} = \sqrt[3]{8} \cdot \sqrt[3]{10} = 2\sqrt[3]{10}$

7. Write $\sqrt[4]{405}$ in simplest form.

$\sqrt[4]{405} = \sqrt[4]{81 \cdot 5} = \sqrt[4]{81} \cdot \sqrt[4]{5} = 3\sqrt[4]{5}$

8. Write
- $6\sqrt{5}$
- as an entire radical.

$$6\sqrt{5} = \sqrt{6^2 \cdot 5} = \sqrt{36 \cdot 5} = \sqrt{180}$$

9. Write
- $3\sqrt[3]{4}$
- as an entire radical.

$$3\sqrt[3]{4} = \sqrt[3]{3^3 \cdot 4} = \sqrt[3]{27 \cdot 4} = \sqrt[3]{108}$$

10. Order these numbers from greatest to least:
- $2\sqrt{30}$
- ,
- $3\sqrt{3}$
- ,
- $2\sqrt{7}$
- ,
- $5\sqrt{5}$
- ,
- $2\sqrt{13}$

②
5
④
①
③

$$\begin{array}{cccccc}
 \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow \\
 \boxed{5\sqrt{5}, 2\sqrt{30}, 2\sqrt{13}, 2\sqrt{7}, 3\sqrt{3}} & \sqrt{120} & \sqrt{27} & \sqrt{28} & \sqrt{125} & \sqrt{52}
 \end{array}$$

11. Evaluate
- $64^{\frac{1}{3}}$
- without using a calculator.

$$64^{\frac{1}{3}} \text{ means } \sqrt[3]{64} = 4$$

12. Evaluate
- $(-27)^{\frac{1}{3}}$
- without using a calculator.

$$(-27)^{\frac{1}{3}} \text{ means } \sqrt[3]{(-27)} = -3$$

13. Evaluate
- $\left(\frac{256}{625}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}$
- without using a calculator.

$$\left(\frac{256}{625}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \text{ means } \sqrt[4]{\frac{256}{625}} = \frac{4}{5}$$

14. Write
- $42^{\frac{5}{4}}$
- as a radical.

$$\left(\sqrt[4]{42}\right)^5 \text{ or } \sqrt[4]{42^5}$$

15. Write
- $\sqrt{\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^9}$
- as a power.

$$\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^{\frac{9}{2}}$$

16. Write $7.5^{1.25}$ as a radical. $1.25 = \frac{125}{100} = \frac{5}{4}$

so $7.5^{5/4} = \sqrt[4]{7.5^5}$

17. Evaluate $4^{2.5}$. $4^{2.5} = 4^{5/2} = (\sqrt{4})^5 = (2)^5 = 32$

18. Evaluate $\left(\frac{125}{8}\right)^{4/3}$. means $\left(\sqrt[3]{\frac{125}{8}}\right)^4 = \left(\frac{5}{2}\right)^4 = \frac{625}{16}$

19. Evaluate 3^{-2} without using a calculator.

$$3^{-2} = \frac{1}{3^2} = \frac{1}{9}$$

20. Evaluate $\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^{-3} = \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^3 = \frac{27}{8}$

21. Evaluate $\left(\frac{625}{256}\right)^{-3/4}$ without using a calculator.

$$\left[\frac{625}{256}\right]^{-3/4} = \left[\frac{256}{625}\right]^{3/4} = \left(\sqrt[4]{\frac{256}{625}}\right)^3 = \left(\frac{4}{5}\right)^3 = \frac{64}{125}$$

22. Evaluate $(0.81)^{-3/2}$ without using a calculator.

$$(.81)^{-3/2} = \left(\frac{81}{100}\right)^{-3/2} = \left(\frac{100}{81}\right)^{3/2} = \left(\frac{10}{9}\right)^3 = \frac{1000}{729}$$

~~729~~

23. Simplify $\frac{(3.5^{-6})(3.5^5)}{3.5^{-1}}$ by writing as a single power.

$$\frac{3.5^{-1}}{3.5^{-1}} = 1$$

24. Simplify $m^{-2}n^6 \cdot m^3n^{-8}$. Write using powers with positive exponents.

$$mn^{-2} = \frac{m}{n^2}$$

25. Simplify $\frac{12p^3q^{-7}}{15pq^6}$. Write using powers with positive exponents.

$$\frac{4p^2q^{-13}}{5} = \frac{4p^2}{5q^{13}}$$

26. Simplify $(64a^{12}b^{15})^{\frac{2}{3}}$. $64^{\frac{2}{3}}a^8b^{10} = (\sqrt[3]{64})^2a^8b^{10}$
 $= 16a^8b^{10}$

27. Simplify $\left(7s^{\frac{7}{4}}t^{\frac{5}{3}}\right)\left(-6s^{-\frac{11}{4}}t^{\frac{7}{3}}\right)$. $-42s^{-1}t^{\frac{2}{3}} = \frac{-42t^{\frac{2}{3}}}{s}$

28. Simplify $\left(\frac{36x^4y^3}{4x^8y^{-1}}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$. $[9x^{-4}y^4]^{\frac{1}{2}} = 9^{\frac{1}{2}}x^{-2}y^2 = \frac{3y^2}{x^2}$

29. Evaluate $\left(-\frac{8}{5}\right)^{\frac{7}{4}} \cdot \left(-\frac{8}{5}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} = \left(-\frac{8}{5}\right)^{\frac{8}{4}} = \left(-\frac{8}{5}\right)^2 = \frac{64}{25}$

30. Evaluate $\frac{0.64^{\frac{7}{2}}}{0.64^{\frac{3}{4}}} = (.64)^{-3/2} = \left(\frac{64}{100}\right)^{-3/2} = \left(\frac{100}{64}\right)^{3/2}$

$$\frac{7}{2} \frac{10}{2} - \frac{3}{2}$$

$$= \left(\frac{10}{8}\right)^3 = \left(\frac{5}{4}\right)^3$$

$$= \frac{125}{64}$$

31. Simplify $\frac{(m^3 n^{-3})^{-1}}{(m^{-2} n)^4}$. $\frac{m^{-3} n^3}{m^{-8} n^4} = m^5 n^{-1} = \frac{m^5}{n}$

32. Simplify $\left(\frac{w^{-15} y^{12}}{-64x^3}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}$. $\frac{w^5 y^{-4}}{(-64)^{\frac{1}{3}} x^{-1}} = \frac{-4w^5}{y^4}$

33. Evaluate $\frac{\left(a^{\frac{7}{2}} b^{\frac{10}{3}}\right)}{(a^{-5} b^4)}$ for $a = 4$ and $b = -27$. $(a^{3/2} \cdot b^{-2/3}) = \frac{(4)^{3/2}}{(-27)^{2/3}} = \frac{8}{9}$

34. Simplify $\frac{-3a^{-3} b^{-7} c^{-6}}{12a^{-6} b^{-3} c^{-3}}$. Write using powers with positive exponents.

$$\frac{-1a^3 b^{-4} c^{-3}}{4} = \frac{-a^3}{4b^4 c^3}$$

35. Simplify $\left(\frac{3}{4} m^{-3} n^{-7} p^{-2}\right)^{-4}$. $\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^{-4} m^{12} n^{28} p^8 = \left(\frac{4}{3}\right)^4 m^{12} n^{28} p^8$
 $\frac{256}{81} m^{12} n^{28} p^8$

36. Evaluate $\left[\left(-\frac{16}{19}\right)^{\frac{2}{5}} \cdot \left(-\frac{16}{19}\right)^{-\frac{2}{5}}\right]^7 = 1$