## **Musical Phrasing**

## Definition: a phrase is a musical thought or sentence

- A phrase like a sentence, expresses a musical thought or emotion and has a **beginning, middle and end.** 

- by adding **inflection** to bring out the phrase, we can enhance our musical story-telling.

## Guidelines:

- Phrases occur in all types of music and in all tempos.

- Phrases are usually 2,4 or 8 *measures* in **length**.

- looking for similar **<u>shapes</u>** or **<u>patterns</u>** to determine lengths, can vary within a piece.

- to determine the *melodic contour* (or inflection or shape), start by identifying the phrasal climax, or the most important note (**MIN**). \*there are often multiple possibilities, two performers may choose different MINs.

- To find the phrasal climax or MIN - look for the note that all notes lead to or away from.

- often near the middle of the phrase

- often the **highest** note of the phrase

- sometimes it will be the longest

- phrases are notated by a curved line over the group of measures, called a *phrase marking.* 

- phrases are ideally played in one breath, breaths are only taken between phrases. **Breath marks** denote where to breathe.

- a natural *crescendo* should lead to the MIN, and a natural *decrescendo* leads away from it.

## **Identifying and Marking Phrasing:**

1. Identify Phrase length (2, 4 or 8 m.) - look for patterns, ways to group notes

- 2. Draw phrase markings
- 3. add breath marks

4. find and circle MIN in each phrase

5. draw crescendos and descrescendos