Practice Set

- 1. Differentiate the following functions.
 - (a) $y = \sqrt{13x^2 5x + 8}$ (f) $y = \cos(4x) \tan(x^2 + \sin x)$ (b) $y = (1 - 4x + 7x^5)^{2016} + (\sqrt{x} + x)^{2017}$ (c) $y = \cos(x^2 e^x) + \cos x$ (d) $y = x^2 \cos(\frac{1}{x^3}) + \frac{1}{x}$ (e) $y = 3 \tan \sqrt{x} + x e^{-x}$ (f) $y = \left(\frac{8x - x^6}{x^3}\right)^{-\frac{4}{5}}$
- 2. Differentiate the following functions and evaluate their derivative at the given points for the specified functions. (You may apply chain rule twice).
 - (a) $y = \cos^2(x^3)$ $x = \sqrt[3]{\frac{4\pi}{3}}$ (b) $y = \tan^4(z^2 - \pi)$ $z = \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}}$ (c) $y = \sin^3(e^{1-t} + 3\sin(6t))$ t = 1(d) $y = x^{-2}\sin^2(x^3)$ (e) $y = (3 + \cos^3(3x))^{-\frac{1}{3}}$ (f) $y = \cos\left(\frac{1 - e^{2x}}{1 + e^{2x}}\right)$ x = 0
- 3. Find the tangent line to $f(x) = 4\sqrt{2x} 6e^{2-x}$ at x = 2.
- 4. Find the point(s) where the tangent line to the graph of $h(t) = e^{5t^2 + 7t 13}$ is parallel to the line y = -5.

5. Find the point(s) where the tangent line to the graph of $g(x) = \sqrt{\frac{x^2 + x}{x^2}}$ is horizontal.

- 6. Find the point(s) where the tangent line to the curve of the function $y = e^{\tan x}$ is parallel to the line y + 3x = 4
- 7. Assume that h(x) = f(g(x)), where both f and g are differentiable functions. If g(-1) = 2, g'(-1) = 3, and f'(2) = -4, what is the value of h'(-1)?
- 8. Assume that $h(x) = (f(x)^3)$, where f is a differentiable function. If $f(0) = -\frac{1}{2}$ and $f'(0) = \frac{8}{3}$, determine an equation of the line tangent to the graph of h at x = 0.