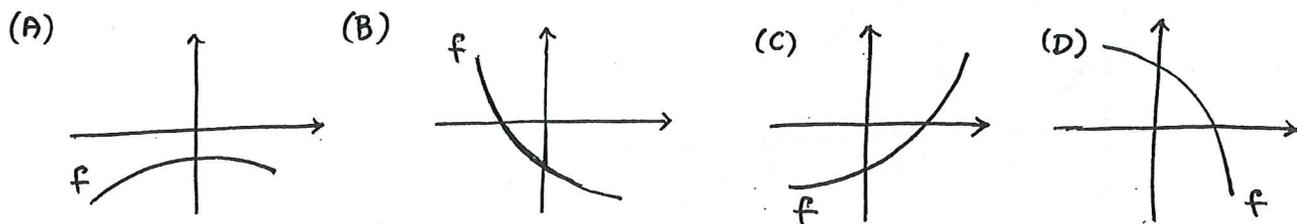


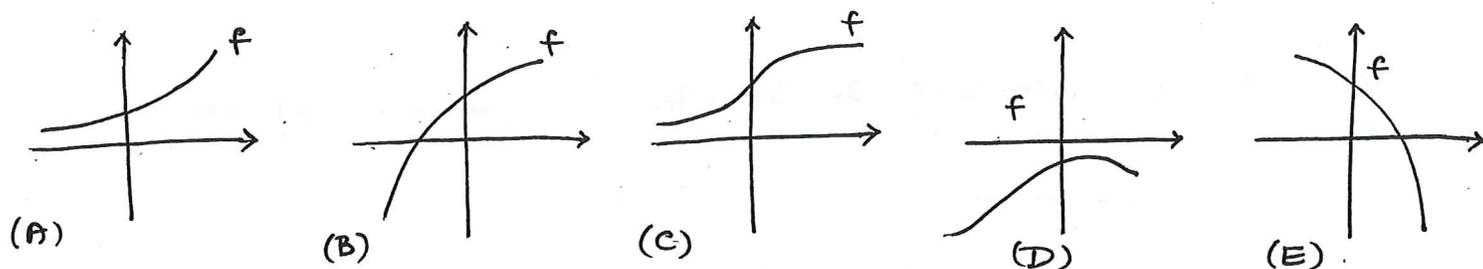
# Test Your Understanding

1) For which curve below are both  $f'$  and  $f''$  negative?



2) For which curve above is  $f''$  positive but  $f'$  negative?

3) If  $y$  is a function such that  $y' > 0$  for all  $x$  and  $y'' < 0$  for all  $x$ , which of the following could be part of the graph of  $y = f(x)$ ?



4) Choose the correct word that completes the statement.

(a) If  $f$  changes from concave \_\_\_\_\_ to concave \_\_\_\_\_ at  $x=c$ , then  $f$  has a/an \_\_\_\_\_ point.

(A) down - up - local min

(B) down - up - inflection point

(C) up - down - local max

(D) increase - decrease - local max.

(b) If  $f'$  is increasing on an interval, then  $f''$  is \_\_\_\_\_ on that interval and graph of  $f$  is \_\_\_\_\_.

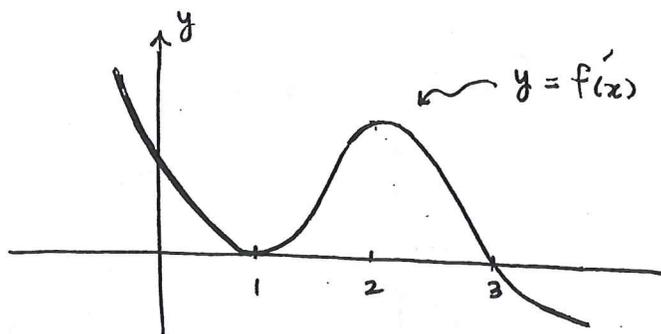
(A) negative - concave down

(B) negative - concave up

(C) positive - concave up

(D) concave up - positive

5) The graph of  $f'$  is shown below.



(a) List the critical numbers of  $f(x)$ .

(b) On the interval \_\_\_\_\_  $f'(x)$  is positive and on the interval \_\_\_\_\_  $f'(x)$  is negative.

(c)  $f$  is increasing on the interval \_\_\_\_\_ and decreasing on \_\_\_\_\_.

(d) List the local max and min of  $f(x)$ .

(e) Determine the intervals where  $f$  is concave up/down.

(f) List the inflection points of  $f$ .

(g) What is the slope of the tangent line to curve of  $f$  at  $x=1$ ?